

Western Washington University
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Salish Sea Ecosystem Conference

2018 Salish Sea Ecosystem Conference (Seattle, Wash.)

Apr 6th, 9:00 AM - 9:15 AM

A multiple-methods vertical land movement analysis and its integration into probabilistic sea level rise projections for coastal Washington

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Speaker

Ian Miller, Tyler Newton, Ray Weldon, David Schmidt, Guillaume Mauger, and Eric Grossman



THE WASHINGTON COASTAL RESILIENCE PROJECT

A multiple-methods vertical land movement analysis and its integration into probabilistic sea level rise projection for coastal Washington

Ian Miller, Washington Sea Grant

with

Tyler Newton, University of Oregon Ray Weldon, University of Oregon Guillaume Mauger, Climate Impacts Group Harriet Morgan, Climate Impacts Group David Schmidt, University of Washington Mark Welch, University of Washington (former) Eric Grossman, US Geological Survey



THE WASHINGTON COASTAL RESILIENCE PROJECT

<u>Objective 1</u>

"Fill critical information gaps and improve the communication of risk about coastal hazards and related climate impacts (sea level rise, storm surge, wave impacts and shoreline erosion) that hinder planning and action in Washington's coastal communities."

Probabilistic absolute sea level projections for Washington



From Miller, Mauger, Morgan and Grossman, in press. Derived from Kopp et al, 2014

R

Absolute vs. Relative Sea Level Change

-0.30

-0.45

-0.60



Seattle, WA

Neah Bay, WA



Responding to demand for an updated approach with better resolution





Time for an update using more and newer data

Subsidence on the north coast?

Subsidence in Puget Sound

Rapid uplift in SW WA?



R

Vertical Land Movement (mm/yr)

Translation into relative projections















THE WASHINGTON COASTAL RESILIENCE PROJECT

Take-Aways:

- *1. We've developed a new, higher resolution vertical land movement analysis for coastal Washington*
- *2.* Our approach facilitates the incorporation of VLM and its uncertainty into relative sea level projections at community-scale resolution
- *3. Co-seismic land motions are not explicitly incorporated.*
- 4. Next up: The tide/wave/storm surge driven extreme water level component
- 5. Comments, Questions, Complaints? Ian Miller, immiller@uw.edu or 360 417 6460

Washington Sea Grant

Washington Department of Ecology

Island County

The City of Tacoma

King County

Padilla Bay National Estuary

Research Reserve

NOAA Office of Coastal Management

The Nature Conservancy

U.S. Geological Survey

University of Oregon

University of
Washington Climate Impacts Group

University of Washington Department of Earth and Space Sciences

Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

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Making SL projections relative (and local): Vertical land movements

Mote et al, 2008: Single CGPS data set (N=50 for BC/OR/WA)







 NAS, 2012: Small
 number (N=4 for
 WA/OR) of
 co-located
 tide
 gauge/CGPS
 stations

48°

Uncertainty based on 1000 interpolated surfaced

Large uncertainties:

- on the coast,
- SW Washington,
- north Puget Sound

