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#### Marine shoreline armor mapping, change analysis (2009-2019) and regulatory compliance and effectiveness assessment for San Juan County, Washington

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## Marine shoreline armor mapping, change analysis and regulatory review for San Juan County, Washington

Tina Whitman, MS Science Director



Andrew Reding Image



## Why Care about Shoreline Armor?

Armor disrupts sediment supply and transport processes.

### Armored sites have:

- Reduced riparian vegetation
- Lower surf smelt egg survival
- Less wrack, large woody debris, invertebrates
- Steeper beach profile
- Coarser beach substrate
- Less food for juvenile salmon
- Less resilience to sea level rise

### **Project Approach**

Boat-based Armor Survey in 2019 Change Analysis: 2009 to 2019 Regulatory Review for New Armor Engagement with Managers Reports, Geodatabase, Webinar (June)





Thanks to the Samish Indian Nation's natural resources dept. for survey boat support

## Mapping & Change Analysis Methods



Document Path: Z:\GISdata\files\MAPS\MAPBOOKS\ArmorChange\_2019\ArmorNewMAPBOOK.mxd

Boat based survey of armor location, extent, condition, tidal elevation, material and association.

Review of 2009 and 2019 survey images and data, oblique and vertical air photos, field re-visit to identify all Existing, New, and Removed Armor 2009-2019.

## Mapping & Change Analysis Results

SJC Shoreline Armor	Count	Length in feet	Length in miles	
<b>NEW</b> Mapped in 2019 not 2009	108	9,800	1.9	
EXISTING Mapped in 2019 & 2009	875	132,500	25.2	
<b>REMOVED</b> Mapped in 2009 not 2019	17	1,287	0.24	
<b>TOTAL Armor in 2019</b>	984 segments	142,300 ft.	27 miles	

## Mapping & Change Analysis Results



### Regulatory Review Methods

Reviewed local shoreline (San Juan County, WA) and Hydraulic Code (WA Dept. of Fish and Wildlife) authorizations to determine:

- How many sites had permits?
- For those sites with permits, what can we learn from the record about the effectiveness of the permit process?

![](_page_7_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### Special thanks to policy intern Madeline Feaster for permit research

# Regulatory Review Results - *Compliance*

Permits	Count	Percent
Sites with 1 or more local and/or state permit	28	26%
Sites with both local and state permits	16	15%
Sites with both local and state permits secured <i>prior</i> to armor installation	10	9%
Sites with no permits	80	74%

## Regulatory Review Results - *Compliance*

Sites with 1 or more local and/or state permit

Sites with both local and state permits

Sites with both local and state permits secured prior to armor installation

Sites with no permits

![](_page_9_Figure_5.jpeg)

## Regulatory Review Results – *Effectiveness*

- Limited evidence of site inspections or interagency coordination, all linked to violations.
- Limited instances where mitigation was required. No evidence of mitigation being implemented.
- Some unauthorized armor to be removed. No evidence of any armor removed to date.
- All consultant reports concluded no impact / no net loss.

![](_page_10_Picture_5.jpeg)

### Armor Impacts

Armoring in SJC, WA	Total Armor 2009	New Armor 2009- 2019	New Armor 1 or more permit	New Armor No permit	Total Armored 2019
<b>Feeder Bluffs</b> (29 miles)	6 miles	1,365 ft.	322 ft.	1,043 ft.	6.26 miles 22%
Pocket Beaches (48 miles)	7.5 miles	4,256 ft.	1,561 ft.	2,695 ft.	8.31miles 17%
Forage Fish Spawning Beaches (12 miles)	2.94 miles	1,013 ft.	172 ft.	841 ft.	3.13 miles 29%

Total new armor 2009-2019 = 1.86 miles

## Management Implications -Regulatory Compliance

Periodic monitoring of on-the-ground conditions is needed.

Complaint driven code enforcement systems do not catch most violations.

Enforcement is very slow and often authorizes the impact to remain.

Lack of compliance is limiting the effectiveness of regulatory and voluntary habitat protection and restoration programs.

![](_page_12_Picture_5.jpeg)

## Management Implications -Regulatory Effectiveness

- Monitor cumulative impacts and connect to policy.
- Improve transparency and access to public information.
- Implement project inspections.
- Enforce existing policies and procedures.
- Track mitigation implementation and outcomes.
- Increase capacity of regulators to critically review applications.

![](_page_13_Picture_7.jpeg)

## Questions? Contact: tina@sanjuans.org

![](_page_14_Picture_1.jpeg)

Funded by the Puget Sound Partnership, National Estuary Program and the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (NTA 2018-0828)

![](_page_14_Picture_3.jpeg)

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