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Salish Sea Ecosystem Conference

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### Understanding oxygen dynamics in two Discovery Islands fjords with different oxygen characteristics (oxic vs. hypoxic subsurface waters)

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Understanding oxygen patterns in two Discovery Islands fjords with different oxygen characteristics

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Google Earth

Salish Sea Ecosystem Conference – 26 April 2022

## Why study O<sub>2</sub> in Discovery Islands?

 In 2019, Bute and Toba Inlets showed different oxygen characteristics







### Observed oxygen and temperature patterns



Results

### Observed oxygen and temperature patterns



## **Physical Model: FVCOM**

- Finite Volume Community Ocean Model, v4.1 (Chen et al. 2006)
- Unstructured triangular grid (~41K nodes) Horizontal resolution: 20 m to 1 km
- 20 terrain-following sigma levels
   Vertical resolution: 1 cm to 100 m
- <u>Winds and surface fluxes</u>: High Resolution (1 km)
   Deterministic Prediction System
- Initial, open boundary conditions: Observations + SalishSeaCast (Soontiens et al. 2016)
- <u>Rivers</u>: 12 (discharge available in 4; no temperature observations)



Results

#### Summary

## **Model Evaluation: Physics**

### Simulation: 24 May to 27 June 2019





15

- 14

- 13

- 12

- 11

- 10

9

- 8

15

- 14

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- 12

- 11

- 10

9

8

40000

50000

Sill



Results





Southgate R.

BUTE

Homathko R.





Results



Results

Results

## Previous studies show 4-layer flow in summer

### **Knight Inlet**

Baker and Pond, J. Phys. Oc. (1995)



## Previous studies show 4-layer flow in summer



Results

**Summary and Future Work** 

Summary

# Thank you!

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- In the model, Bute Inlet shows a 4-layered flow in summer, consistent with studies in other BC fjords
  - The transition between layers (mean along-inlet velocity  $\approx$  0) is stable, which allows previously entrained waters (low T, high O<sub>2</sub>) to remain at the entrainment depth
- In contrast, Toba Inlet does not show the same clear layering underneath the surface estuarine circulation
  - This is consistent with the low O<sub>2</sub> feature being more spread out in the water column

### • Lots of work to do!

- Topography and initial conditions need to be improved. Also, river temperature/discharge.
- Run biogeochemical model once hydrodynamic model is improved. Run longer simulations.
- $\circ$  Can we explain the observed O<sub>2</sub> differences between Toba and Bute?